

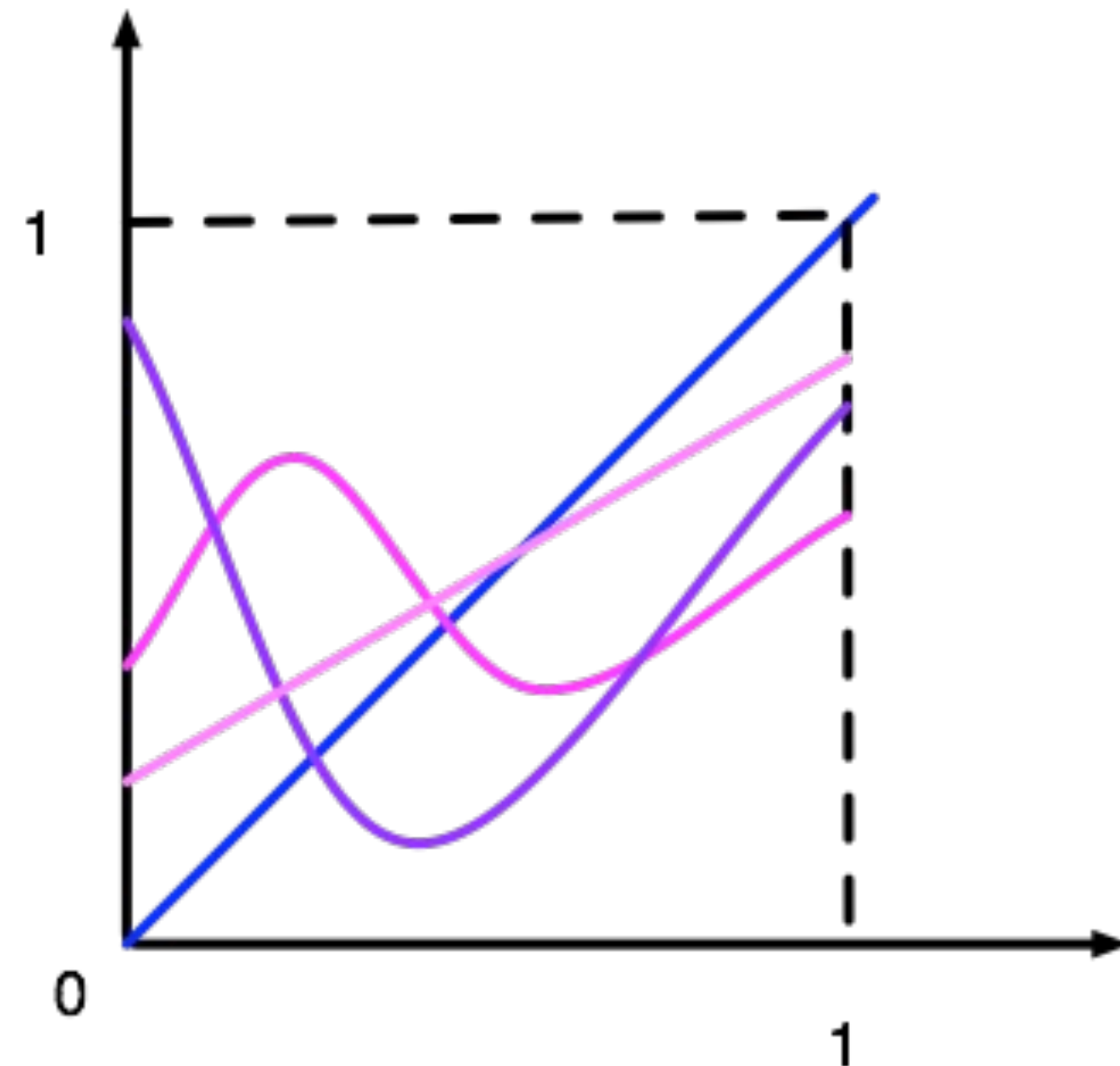
# Lattice Theory

# First, something interesting

- Brouwer Fixed point Theorem
  - Every continuous function  $f$  from a closed disk into itself has at least one fixed point
- More formally:
  - Domain  $D$ : a *convex, closed, bounded* subspace in a plane (generalizes to higher dimensions)
  - Function  $f: D \rightarrow D$
  - There exists some  $x$  such that  $f(x) = x$

# Intuition

- Consider the one-dimensional case: mapping a line segment onto itself
- $x \in [0, 1]$
- $f(x) \in [0, 1]$
- There must exist some  $x$  for which  $f(x) = x$
- Examples (in 2D)
  - A mall directory
  - Crumpling up a piece of graph paper



# Game plan

- Finite partially ordered set:  $D$
- Function  $f: D \rightarrow D$
- Monotonic function  $f: D \rightarrow D$
- $\exists$  fixpoint of  $f$ 
  - $\exists$  *least* fixpoint of  $f$
- Generalization to case when  $D$  has a greatest element,  $\top$ 
  - $\exists$  *greatest* fixpoint of  $f$
- Generalization to systems of equations

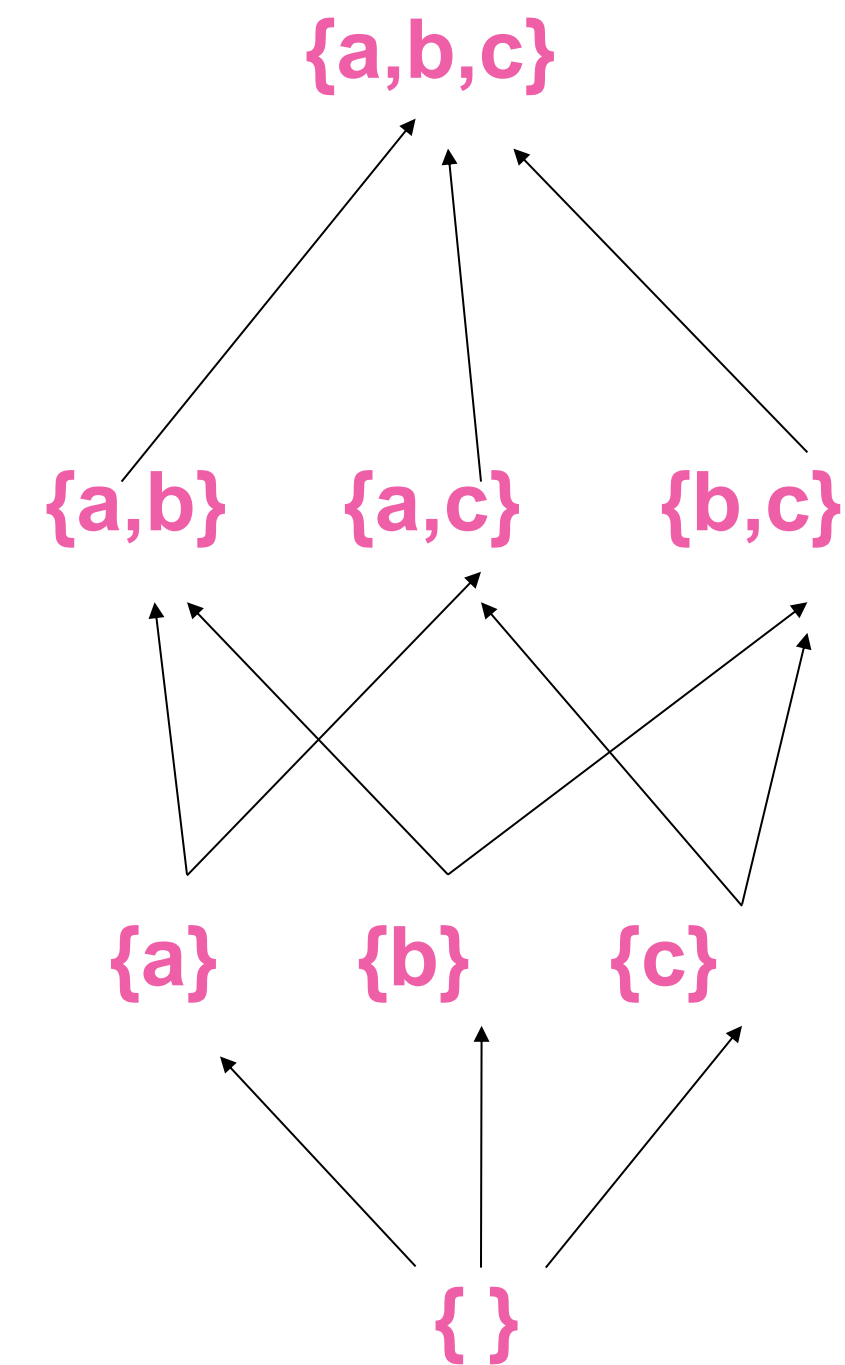
# Partially ordered set (poset)

- Set  $D$  with a relation  $\sqsubseteq$  that is
  - Reflexive:  $x \sqsubseteq x$
  - Anti-symmetric:  $x \sqsubseteq y$  and  $y \sqsubseteq x \Rightarrow y = x$
  - Transitive:  $x \sqsubseteq y, y \sqsubseteq z \Rightarrow x \sqsubseteq z$
- Example: set of integers and  $\leq$
- Graphical representation of poset
  - Graph in which nodes are elements of  $D$  and relation  $\sqsubseteq$  is indicated by arrows
  - Usually omit reflexive and transitive arrows for legibility
  - Not counting reflexive edges, graph is always a DAG (why?)



# Another example

- Powerset of any set, ordered by  $\subseteq$  is a poset
- In the example, poset elements are  $\{\}$ ,  $\{a\}$ ,  $\{a, b\}$ ,  $\{a, b, c\}$ , etc.
- $X \sqsubseteq Y$  iff  $X \subseteq Y$



# Finite poset with least element

- Poset in which
  - Set is **finite**
  - There is a **least** element that is below all other elements in poset
- Examples
  - Set of integers ordered by  $\leq$  is *not* a finite poset with least element (no least element, not finite)
  - Set of natural numbers ordered by  $\leq$  has a least element (0), but not finite
  - Set of factors of 12, ordered by  $\leq$  has a least element as is finite
  - Powerset example from before is finite (how many elements?) with a least element (  $\{ \}$  )

# Domains

- “Finite poset with least element” is a mouthful, so we will abbreviate this to *domain*
- Later, we will add additional conditions to domains that are of interest to us in the context of dataflow analysis
- (Goal: what is a lattice?)



**next: functions over domains**